

TECHSPEC® TitanTL™

TELECENTRIC LENS

#34-011 • 0.136X, 1" • f/11

TECHSPEC® TitanTL™ Telecentric Lenses are designed for machine vision systems and metrology applications that require a large field of view. These lenses feature large maximum sensor formats, a variety of working distance and magnification options, and a rear filter holder on the back of the lenses to allow for easy filter integration. On our 118mm, 182mm and 242mm FOV versions, the integrated mounting flange allows for ease of securing each lens without requiring an additional mount and provides an easy to locate reference plane. TECHSPEC® TitanTL™ Telecentric Lenses contain shims that provide adjustment for variation in camera sensor location, an adjustable iris and a 3 set screw lens mount for simple rotational alignment to the camera. Typical applications include automotive and electronic inspection, measurement and gauging applications.



Primary Magnification PMAG:	0.136X
Maximum Camera Sensor Format:	1"
Field of View, 1/4.8" Sensor:	53.0mm (Horizontal)
Field of View, 2/3" Sensor:	64.8mm (Horizontal)
Field of View, 1" Sensor:	94.2mm (Horizontal)
Field of View, 1/3" Sensor:	N/A
Working Distance (mm)¹:	223
Depth of Field (mm)²:	±30.7
NA Object Space:	0.00616
Resolution Image Space MTF, open²:	50lp/mm @ 40%
Telecentricity:	0.1

Distortion:	0.128
Aperture (f/#):	f/11
Number of Elements (Groups):	6 (4)
Filter Thread:	M134 x 1.5
Rear Filter Diameter:	25.4mm
Weight:	6.88kg
Coating:	λ/4 MgF ₂
Mount:	C-Mount
Length (A):	267.9
Front Diameter (B):	150
Back Diameter (C):	42

Sensor Size:	1/2"	1/1.8"	2/3"	1"	1/3"	35mm
Field of View³:	47.2	53.0	64.8	94.2	NA	NA

1. From front of housing 2. Image Space MTF Contrast 3. Horizontal FOV on standard 4:3 sensor format

Specifications subject to change

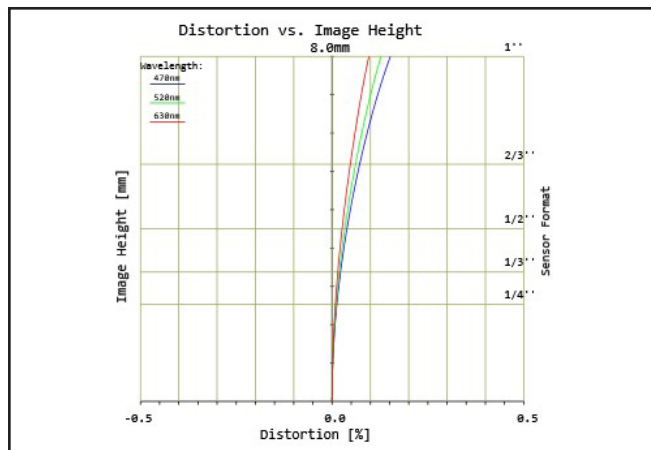


Figure 1: Distortion at the maximum sensor format. Positive values correspond to pincushion distortion, negative values correspond to barrel distortion.

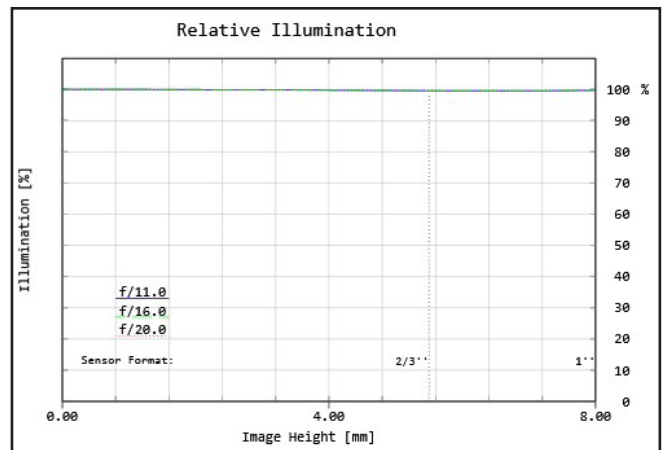


Figure 2: Relative illumination (center to corner)

In both plots, field points corresponding to the image circle of common sensor formats are included. Plots represent theoretical values from lens design software. Actual lens performance varies due to manufacturing tolerances.

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MTF & DOF: f/11
 WD: 223mm

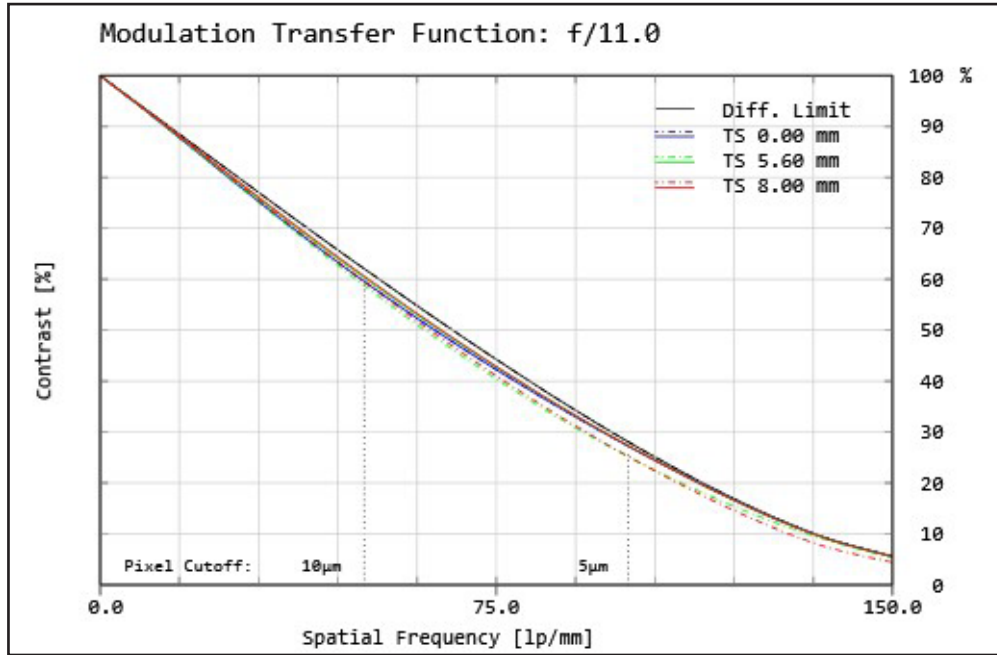


Figure 3: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486\text{nm}$ to 656nm . Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by $f/\#$ -defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

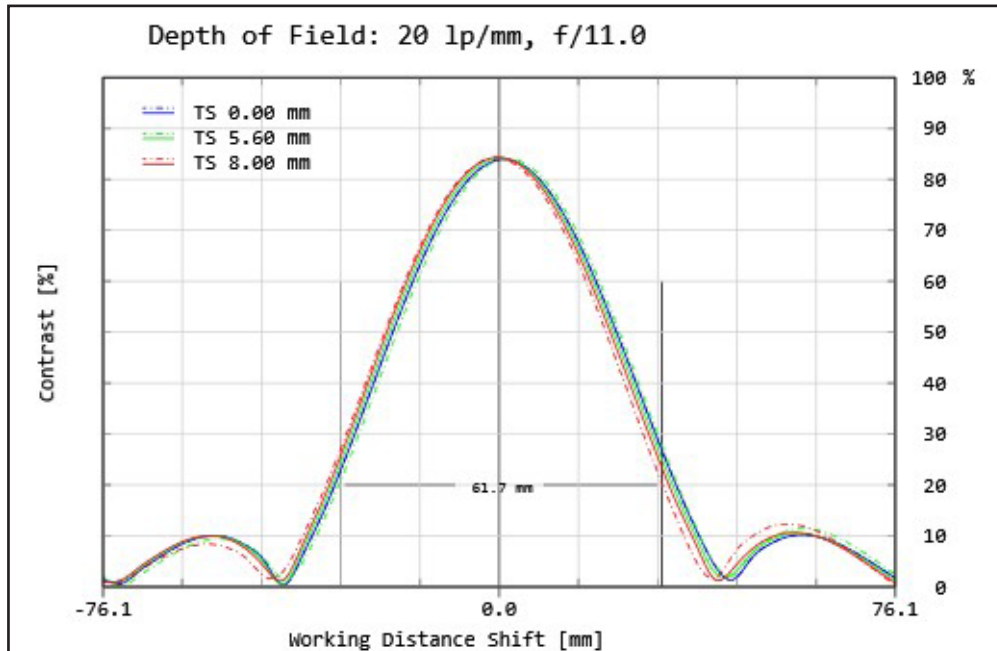


Figure 4: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.

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MTF & DOF: f/16
WD: 223mm

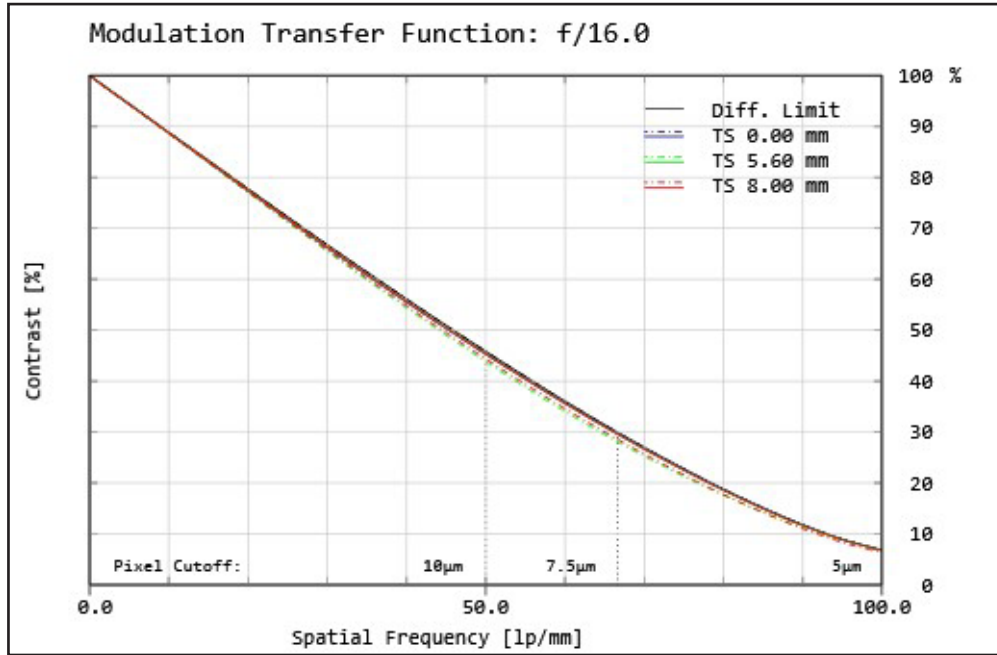


Figure 5: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486\text{nm}$ to 656nm . Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by $f/\#$ -defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

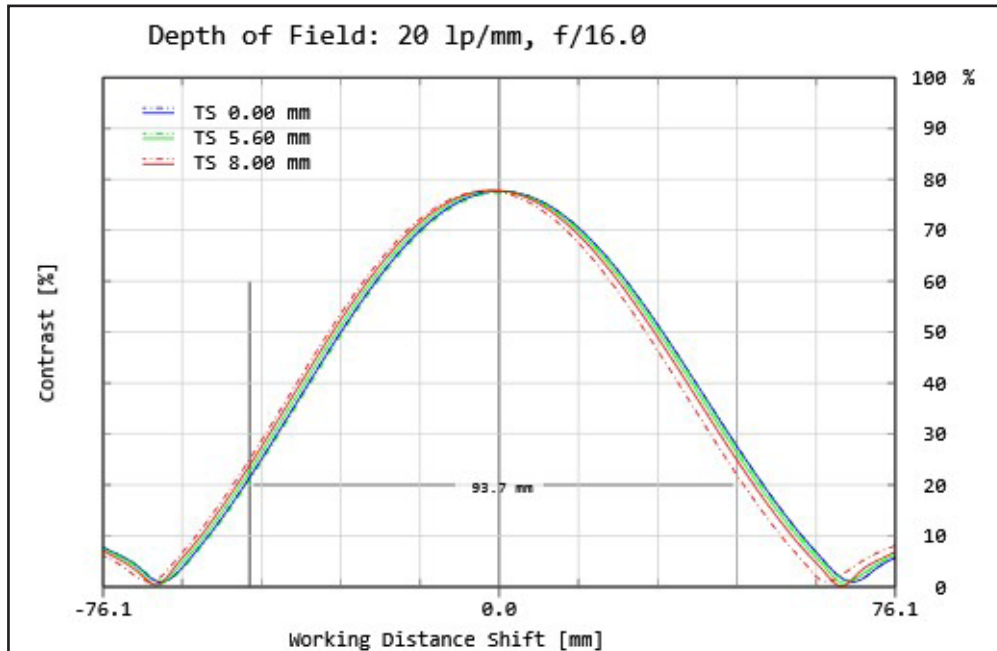


Figure 6: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.

Plots represent theoretical values from lens design software. Actual lens performance varies due to manufacturing tolerances.